

Course Code: 1MSCM4  
Course: Complex Analysis-I  
Credit: 4  
Last Submission Date: April 30 (for January Session)  
October 31, (for July session)

Max. Marks:-70  
Min. Marks:-25

Note:-attempt all questions.

Que.1 Construct the analytic function  $f(z) = u + iv$  of which the real part is

$$u = e^x (x \cos y - y \sin y)$$

Que.2 State & prove Cauchy – Riemann Equations.

Que.3 Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points

$$Z_1 = 2, Z_2 = i, Z_3 = -2 \text{ into the}$$

$$\text{Points } w_1 = 1, w_2 = i \text{ and } w_3 = -1$$

Que.4 Let  $f(z)$  be an analytic function of  $z$  in a domain  $D$  of the  $Z$  – plane and let  $f'(z) \neq 0$  inside  $D$ . Then the mapping  $w = f(z)$  is conformal at all points of  $D$ .

Que.5 Let  $f(z)$  be a regular (analytic) function and let  $f'(z)$  be continuous at each point within and on a closed contour  $c$ . Then

$$\int_c f(z) dz = 0$$

Que.6 Let  $f(z)$  be analytic in the multiply connected region  $D$  bounded by the closed contour  $c$  and the two interior contours  $c_1, c_2$  then

$$\int_c f(z) dz = \int_{c_1} f(z) dz + \int_{c_2} f(z) dz$$

Que.7 State and prove Cauchy integral formula.

Que.8 State and prove Morera's theorem.

Que.9 State & prove Taylor's theorem and also give example related with it.

Que.10 Let  $f(z) = \frac{2z^3 + 1}{z^2 + z}$ , then find

(1) a Taylor's series valid in the neighbourhood of the point  $z = i$

(2) a Laurent's series valid within the annulus of which centre is the origin.