Course Code: 2BSC1 Course: English Language and Indian Culture Credit: 2 Last Submission Date: October 31, (for January session) April 30 (for July Session)

Max. Marks:-15 Min. Marks:-5

Note:-attempt all questions.

- Que1. Where does Amalkanti work.
- Que2. What kind of sunlight does Amalkanti wish to become.
- Que3. What, in the poem 'Sita', do the children gaze at.
- Que4 On what note does the poem 'Sita' end?
- Que5. What did India do at the dawn of history.
- Que6. What does writer, in the essay' Tryst with Destiny' refer to by using phrase"The greatest man of our generation?
- Que7. Where did Ghalib's wife send her jewels and valuables?
- Que8. What was that which Ghalib did not hope to get again from British government.
- Que9. What is meant by the expressions "knowledge is free".
- Que10. What narrow domestic walls are referred by tagorc in the poem where the mind is without fear'?
- Que11. What was earlier usage of satyagraha in Gujarati?
- Que12. Who changed the term Sadagraha into 'satyagrah'.
- Que13. Name the novels of R.K. Narayan which were turned into Hindifilms?
- Que14. What is full name of R.K. Narayan?
- Que15. When and where khushwant singh was born?
- Que16. What did the writer tell his grandmother when he returned frem city school?
- Que17. Why did Baba Amte object to the construction of big dams.
- Que18. Who had the greatest influence on Baba Amte.
- Que2. Read the following passage Carefully and answer the questions given below-
- Que3. Letter Writing-
 - (i) Write a letter to your friend to attend your sister marriage.
 - (ii) Write an application for a job
 - Paragraph writing-
 - (i) Importance of Books
 - (ii) Honesty is the best policy
 - (iii) Internet
 - (iv) Work is worship
- Que4. (A) Give Synonyms-
 - Admit, Build, Cure, Foretell, malice, orator, prank, seldom, utter, vanish, Static, rarely.
 - (B) Give antonyms-

Over , bose , messy , shorp , wet , cheap , shallow , shiny , tame , narrow , forward , rude ,

Prefixes and suffixes -

Prefix- Un, in, dis, mis, super,

Suffix- ness, ist, ment, al, ful,

- (D) Give the meaning of the words and use them in your own sentence .
- (1) Assent The president has refused to give his assent to the proposal. Ascent – The hill has sharp ascent
- (2) Bail Bale
- (3) Differ Defer
- (4) Deul Dual
- (5) Fert feat
- Que5. Grammar and usage-
 - (A) Put the verbs in the sentences given below-

Present perfect continuous

- (1) He (live) in this down since 1964.He has been living in this down since 1964.
- (2) One (study) medicine for the last four years. She has been studying medicine for the last four years.
- (3) How long you (wait) for me?How long have you been waiting for me?
- (4) She (watch) the TV all evening.She has been watching the TV all evening.
- (5) Mother (cook) all the morning but the meal is not yet ready.

Mother has been cooking all the morning but the meal is not yet ready. Past Indefinite tense

- I go to work by car.
 I went to work by car yesterday
- (2) I meet him on Monday I met him on Monday
- (3) She always wears a blue sari She always wore a blue sari
- (4) Raina speaks slowly Raina spoke slowly
- (5) I dream every night I dreamt every night Future indefinite
- (1) You (have) time to help one this weekend ? Will you have time to help me this weekend?
- (2) Unless he makes haste he (not catch) the train, unless he makes haste he will not catch the train.
- (3) If I drop this it (break) If I drop this it will break.
- (4) I am sure you (like) your new job.I am sure you will like your new job.

(B) Fill in the blanks

Modal verbs , Prepositions , Determiners, Article , noun , (Countable / uncountable) verb Adverb.

(1) Father alone <u>can</u> set him right.

(2) Ravi <u>could</u> pass the test but he was absent.

(3) There <u>used to be a banyan tree infront of our old house</u>.